

# TWG850-4 - Residential Voice Gateway

User manual



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#### CAUTION

Disconnect power before servicing.

This device is intended for indoor operation only. Telephone jacks Line 1 and Line 2 must not be connected to outside wiring.

### CAUTION

To ensure reliable operation and to prevent overheating, provide adequate ventilation for this modem and keep it away from heat sources. Do not locate near heat registers or other heat-producing equipment. Provide for free air flow around the Wireless Voice Gateway and its power supply.





This symbol means that your inoperative electronic appliance must be collected separately and not mixed with the household waste. The European Union has implemented a specific collection and recycling system for which producers are responsible.

This appliance has been designed and manufactured with high quality materials and components that can be recycled and reused. Electrical and electronic appliances are liable to contain parts that are necessary in order for the system to work properly but which can become a health and environmental hazard if they are not handled or disposed of in the proper way. Consequently, please do not throw out your inoperative appliance with the household waste.

If you are the owner of the appliance, you must deposit it at the appropriate local collection point or leave it with the vendor when buying a new appliance.

- If you are a professional user, please follow your supplier's instructions.
- If the appliance is rented to you or left in your care, please contact your service provider.

Help us protect the environment in which we live !

### NORTH AMERICAN CABLE INSTALLER:

This reminder is provided to call your attention to Article 820-40 of the National Electrical Code (Section 54 of the Canadian Electrical Code, Part 1) which provides guidelines for proper grounding and, in particular, specifies that the cable ground shall be connected to the grounding system of the building as close to the point of cable entry as practical.



# **Important Information**

#### Euro-PacketCable and Euro-DOCSIS compliant

This product was designed according to Euro-PacketCable Specifications, Euro-DOCSIS Specifications and Data over Cable Service Interface Specifications.

#### **Operating Information**

Operating Temperature:  $0^{\circ} - 40^{\circ} C$  (32° - 104° F) Storage Temperature:  $-30^{\circ}$  to 65° C

If you purchased this product at a retail outlet, please read the following:

#### **Product Information**

Keep your sales receipt to obtain warranty parts and service and for proof of purchase. Attach it here and record the serial and model numbers in case you need them. The numbers are located on the back of the product.

Model No.	Serial No	
Purchase Date:	Dealer/Address/Phone:	



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### Introduction

#### **Wireless Voice Gateway Features**

- Support Multiple Provisioning Mode
- 4x Standard RJ-45 connectors for 10/100BaseT Ethernet with auto-negotiation and MDIS functions
- USB Connector for USB interface
- Two RJ-11 Foreign Exchange Station (FXS) ports for IP telephony
- Support simultaneous voice and data communications
- Two simultaneous voice conversations in the different FXS ports with different CODEC: PCM A-law, PCM-law, G.723.1, G.729, G.729a, G.729e, G.728, G.726, BV16 and BV32
- Echo Cancellation
- Voice Active Detection (VAD)
- DTMF detection and generation
- Comfort Noise Generation (CNG)
- Support V.90 fax and modem services
- Transparent bridging for IP traffic
- RSA and 56 bit DES data encryption security
- SNMP network management support
- Remote operating firmware downloading
- Support Web pages and private DHCP server for status monitoring
- Clear LED display
- Plug and Play

#### What's on the CD-ROM

Insert the Wireless Voice Gateway CD-ROM into your CD-ROM drive to view troubleshooting tips, the internal diagnostics, and other valuable information.

Note: You might need to use the CD-ROM to install the USB driver if you are connecting via the USB port.



**CD-ROM Contents:** 

- Electronic copy of this user's guide in additional languages (PDF format)
- Adobe Acrobat Reader application you can load to read PDF format, if you don't have it loaded already
- USB drivers required if connecting by USB
- Links to Thomson web site

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### **Computer Requirements**

For the best possible performance from your Wireless Voice Gateway, your personal computer must meet the following minimum system requirements (note that the minimum requirements may vary by cable companies):

	IBM PC COMPATIBLE	MACINTOSH**
CPU	Pentium preferred	PowerPC or higher
System RAM	16MB (32MB preferred)	24MB (32MB preferred)
Operating System	Windows* XP/Vista, Linux	Mac OS** 7.6.1 or higher
Sound Card	Required for audio on CD-ROM	N/A
Video	VGA or better (SVGA preferred)	VGA or better (SVGA built-in preferred)
CD-ROM Drive	Required	Required
Ethernet	10BaseT or 100BaseT	10BaseT or 100BaseT
	An Ethernet card makes it possible	for your computer to pass data to and from
	the internet. You must have an Eth	ernet card and software drivers installed in
	your computer. You will also need	a standard Ethernet cable to connect the
	Ethernet card to your Wireless Void	ce Gateway.
USB Port	USB (Windows XP/Vista only)	
	The Universal Serial Bus is a high	speed bus that enables your computer to
	communicate simultaneously with	a variety of peripherals. However, if you
	have other peripherals that send an	d receive a lot of information, such as
	speakers, printers or scanners, we i	recommend using an Ethernet card to
	support this modem.	
Software	• A TCP/IP network protocol for	or each machine
	• Microsoft Internet Explorer 4	.0 or later or Netscape Navigator 4.0 or later.
	(5.0 and 4.7 or later, respectiv	rely, are strongly recommended.)

\* Windows is a trademark of Microsoft Corporation.

\*\* Macintosh and the Mac OS are trademarks of Apple Computer, Inc.



### Wall Mounting

Number of screws: 2 pieces. Direction for wall mounting: LED panel upward. Dimension for the screw: 4.4 mm.

There are 4 slots on the underside of the gateway that can be used for wall mounting.

Note: When wall mounting the unit, ensure that it is within reach of the power outlet.

You will need 2 suitable screws which screw diameter would be 4.4 mm to wall mount the Cable Modem or the Battery Pack.



#### To do this:

- 1. Ensure that the wall you use is smooth, flat, dry and sturdy and use the 4 screw holes which are 101.6 mm apart from each other.
- 2. Fix the screws into wall, leaving their heads 3 mm (0.12 inch) clear of the wall surface.
- 3. Remove any connections to the unit and locate it over the screw heads. When in line, gently push the unit on to the wall and move it downwards to secure.



### Wireless Voice Gateway TWG850-4 Overview

#### **Front Panel**

The following illustration shows the front panel of the TWG850-4 gateway:



The LEDs on the front panel are described in the table below (from left to right):

	Power	Internet		Ethernet				Wireless T	Tol 1	Tel 2	Description		
		DS	US	Online	1	2	3	4	036	Wircless	TELT	1612	Description
	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	v			Power on 0.25 sec
	ON	0.	25 seco	nd	UN	UN	UN		ON	^	UN	UN	rower off 0.25 Sec
Boot-up	ON	FLASH	FLASH	FLASH	х	x	х	х	x	x	x	х	From power ON to system
Operation													initialization complete
		ON	ON	ON									Following system initialization
	ON		1 second	ł	х	Х	х	Х	х	X	х	х	complete to (before)
			2 300011	A									DS scanning
	ON	FLASH	OFF	OFF	x	x	х	х	х	x	x	х	During DS scanning and acquiring
													From SVNC completed receiving
	ON	ON	FLASH	OFF	Х	х	Х	Х	х	х	х	х	UCD to ranging completed
DOCSIS Start-up Operation	ON	ON	ON	FLASH	X	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	During DHCP, configuration file download, registration, and Baseline Privacy initialization: DHCP status: 1 second ON and 1 second OFF, TFTP status: 0.25 second ON and 0.25 second OFF
	ON	ON	ON	ON	х	х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	Operational (NACO=ON)
	ON	FLASH	FLASH	OFF	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	х	х	х	Operational (NACO=OFF)
MTA	ON	ON	ON	ON	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	FLASH	OFF	MTA DHCP

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	ON	ON	ON	ON	х	х	х	х	х	Х	OFF	FLASH	MTA SNMP/TFTP
	ON	ON	ON	ON	х	х	Х	Х	х	Х	FLASH	FLASH	RSIP
					OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF					No Ethernet Link
	ON	х	х	х	ON	ON	ON	ON	х	Х	х	х	Ethernet Link
					FLASH	FLASH	FLASH	FLASH					TX/RX Ethernet Traffic
CDE									OFF				No USB Link
Operation	ON	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	ON	Х	х	х	USB Link
operation									FLASH				TX/RX USB Traffic
										OFF			No Wireless Link
	ON	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	ON	х	х	Wireless Link
										FLASH			TX/RX Wireless Traffic
	ON										ON	ON	Both Lines On-Hook
MTA	ON					ormal O	noration				FLASH	ON	Tel1 Off-hook, Tel2 On-hook
Operation	ON					onnai Oj	peration				ON	FLASH	Tel1 On-hook, Tel2 Off-hook
	ON										FLASH	FLASH	Both Lines Off-Hook
SW	ON	FLASH	FLASH	ON	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	A software download and while
Operation													updating the FLASH memory





TEL1 & TEL2	Telephony RJ-11 connectors
ETHERNET:	4x Ethernet 10/100BaseT RJ-45 connectors
USB:	USB Connector
REBOOT EMTA:	Reboot this Wireless Voice Gateway
CABLE:	F-Connector
15VDC :	Power connector
Antenna connector:	Wireless interface

### Flank Panel



• WPS: WiFi Protected Setup





### **Relationship among the Devices**

This illustration shows a cable company that offers Euro-DOCSIS- and Euro-PacketCable-compliant voice/data services.



#### What the Modem Does

The Wireless Voice Gateway provides high-speed Internet access as well as cost-effective, toll-quality telephone voice and fax/modem services over residential, commercial, and education subscribers on public and private networks via an existing CATV infrastructure. It can inter-operate with the Euro-PacketCable compliant headend equipment and provide the IP-based voice communications. The IP traffic can transfer between the Wireless Voice Gateway and Euro-DOCSIS compliant headend equipment. The data security secures upstream and downstream communications.

### What the Modem Needs to Do Its Job

- The Right Cable Company: Make sure your local cable company provides data services that use cable TV industry-standard Euro-DOCSIS compliant and Euro-PacketCable compliant technology.
- The Internet/Telephony Service Provider (ISP/TSP): Your cable company provides you access to an Internet Service Provider (ISP) and Telephony Service Provider (TSP). The ISP is your gateway to the Internet and provides you with a pipeline to access Internet content on the World Wide Web (WWW). The TSP provides you with telephony access to other modems or other telephony services over the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN).

Check with your cable company to make sure you have everything you need to begin; they'll know if you need to install special software or re-configure your computer to make your cable internet service work for you.



### **Contact Your Local Cable Company**

You will need to contact your cable company to establish an Internet account before you can use your gateway. You should have the following information ready (which you will find on the sticker on the gateway):

- The serial number
- The model number
- The Cable Modem (CM) Media Access Control (MAC) address
- The Terminal Adapter (EMTA) MAC address
- SSID, WPA2-PSK information

### Please verify the following with the cable company

- The cable service to your home supports Euro-DOCSIS compliant two-way modem access.
- Your internet account has been set up. (The Media Terminal Adapter will provide data service if the cable account is set up but no telephony service is available.)
- You have a cable outlet near your PC and it is ready for Cable Modem service.

Note: It is important to supply power to the modem at all times. Keeping your modem plugged in will keep it connected to the Internet. This means that it will always be ready whenever you need.

### **Important Information**

Your cable company should always be consulted before installing a new cable outlet. Do not attempt any rewiring without contacting your cable company first.



### Connecting the Wireless Voice Gateway to a Single Computer

This section of the manual explains how to connect your Wireless Voice Gateway to the USB or Ethernet port on your computer and install the necessary software. Please refer to Figure 1 to help you connect your Digital Cable Modem for the best possible connection.

#### Attaching the Cable TV Wire to the Wireless Voice Gateway

- 1. Locate the Cable TV wire. You may find it one of three ways:
  - a. Connected directly to a TV, a Cable TV converter box, or VCR. The line will be connected to the jack which should be labeled either IN, CABLE IN, CATV, CATV IN, etc.
  - b. Connected to a wall-mounted cable outlet.
  - c. Coming out from under a baseboard heater or other location. See Figure 1 for the wiring example.

Notes: For optimum performance, be sure to connect your Wireless Voice Gateway to the first point the cable enters your home. The splitter must be rated for at least 1GHz.



Fig. 1: Basic Home Wiring

10 Illustrations contained in this document are for representation only.



### **Important Connection Information**

The Wireless Voice Gateway supports Ethernet and USB connections simultaneously. Below are important points to remember before you connect the Wireless Voice Gateway.

- □ For USB connection, follow the instructions on this page 11.
- □ For Ethernet connections, go to page 19.
- □ For telephone and fax connections, go to page 21.

### **USB** Connection to One Computer

Note: Only use the power supply provided with this unit. Using other power supplies may damage the unit.



Fig. 2: USB Connection

11 Illustrations contained in this document are for representation only.



If you received an Installation/Quick Start kit with the purchase of your modem, you should use the software provided in that kit. If not, the Wireless Voice Gateway CD included with your modem contains the drivers and other information you need to install your Wireless Voice Gateway.

### **USB** Connection

If you do not want to use the CD-ROM, follow instructions 1 through 5 to connect the Wireless Voice Gateway to the USB port on your computer. **Instructions must be followed in the order they appear.** 

- 1. Connect one end of the coaxial cable to the cable connection on the wall, and the other end to the CABLE jack on the Wireless Voice Gateway.
- 2. Connect the plug from the AC power supply into the POWER AC ADAPTER jack on the Wireless Voice Gateway and plug the power supply into an AC outlet.
- 3. Insert the supplied Wireless Voice Gateway CD-ROM. Wait momentarily for the CD window display.



Fig. 3

4. Close **all** open applications and dialog boxes, including the CD window.

Note: Some applications may interfere with your Wireless Voice Gateway installation.

5. Connect one end of the USB cable to the USB port located on the back of your computer. Connect the other end of the USB cable to the USB port on the Wireless Voice Gateway.

Note: Use only the power supply that accompanied this unit. Using other power supplies may damage the unit.

Next, you need to install the USB driver for your operating system.

12 Illustrations contained in this document are for representation only.



## **Using Windows XP for USB Connection**

Follow steps 6 through 9 if you have a Windows XP operating system:

6. Windows XP will display the "Welcome to the Found New Hardware Wizard" window, and ask whether you would like the Windows to connect to Windows Update to search for software, Choose "No, not this time" and click "Next".

Found New Hardware Wiz	ard
	Welcome to the Found New Hardware Wizard
	Windows will search for current and updated software by looking on your computer, on the hardware installation CD, or on the Windows Update Web site (with your permission). <u>Read our privacy policy</u>
	Can Windows connect to Windows Update to search for software?
	<ul> <li>Yes, this time only</li> <li>Yes, now and every time I connect a device</li> <li>No, not this time</li> </ul>
	Click Next to continue.
	< Back Next > Cancel

7. The "Found New Hardware Wizard" will then display the device name and ask you to insert the installation CD-ROM that came with the unit. Choose the "Install from a list or specific location (Advanced)" option, and click "Next."



Note: If Windows XP does not recognize the presence of the Wireless Voice Gateway, i.e., the "Welcome to the New Hardware Wizard" did not automatically appear, your BIOS settings may not permit USB and/or Plug-and-Play devices. Please contact the customer service department of the computer company.



8. Select "Search Removable Media (floppy, CD-ROM...)" and click on "Next", then your computer will install the drivers for the "Thomson Digital Cable Modem".



9. When the "Completing the Found New Hardware Wizard" window appears, click "Finish" to complete the process.



- 10. The Wireless Voice Gateway installation is now complete. To validate a proper installation, perform the following instructions:
  - A. Click on the "Start" icon in the lower left-hand corner of your screen.
  - B. Select "Settings," followed by "Control Panel." The "Control Panel" window will appear.
  - C. Double-click on the "System" icon, and select the "Device Manager."

D. Scroll down the list until you come to "Network Adapters." Double-click on "Network Adapters."

E. The "Thomson Digital Cable Modem" should exist. If "Thomson or RCA Digital Cable Modem" does not exist, the Wireless Voice Gateway was **NOT** installed correctly.



### **Using Windows Vista for USB Connection**

Follow steps 6 through 11 if you have a Windows Vista operating system:

6. Windows Vista will briefly display the "Windows need to install driver software for your Thomson USB CDC Device." Choose the "Locate and install driver software (recommended)."option

**Note:** If Windows Vista does not recognize the cable modem's presence, i.e., the "Windows need to install driver software for your Thomson USB CDC Device." did not automatically appear, your BIOS settings may not permit USB and/or Plug-and-Play devices. Please contact your computer's customer service department.



7. Windows will appear "Windows need your permission to continue" and click "continue"





8. When appears "Allow Windows to search online for driver software for your Thomson USB CDC Device?" Choose the "Don't search online" option to continue.



Fig. 10

9. Your computer will ask you to insert the installation CD-ROM that came with the unit and click"Next" to continue. (Fig.11)

10	Found New Hardware - Thomson USB CDC Device
1	Insert the disc that came with your Thomson USB CDC Device
I	If you have the disc that came with your device, insert it now. Windows will automatically search the disc for driver software.
	I don't have the disc. Show me other options.



10. Your computer will install the drivers for the "Thomson USB Cable Modem"

Click on "Close" to complete the process.

Fo	ound N	ew Hardware - RCA D	igital Cable Modem			
T	he so	ftware for this d	evice has been	successfully in	stalled	
W	Vindows	s <mark>has finished installir</mark>	ng the driver softwar	e for your		
		RCA Digital Cable N	Лоdem			
						Close

Fig. 12

11. Choose a network category and click "OK".





12. The cable modem installation is now completed.



To validate a proper installation, perform the following instructions:

- •Click on the "Start" icon in the lower left-hand corner of your screen.
- •Select "Settings," followed by "Control Panel." The "Control Panel" window will appear.
- Double-click on the "network center" icon, and select the "Manage network connections."
- The "Thomson USB Cable Modem" should exist. If "Thomson or RCA USB Cable Modem" does not exist, the cable modem was **NOT** installed correctly.



### **Ethernet Connection to a Computer**

Make the connection to the modem in the following sequence:

- 1. Connect one end of the coaxial cable to the cable connection on the wall, and the other end to the CABLE jack on the Wireless Voice Gateway.
- 2. Connect the plug from the AC power supply into the POWER AC ADAPTER jack on the Wireless Voice Gateway, and plug the power supply into an AC outlet.

Note: Use only the power supply that accompanied this unit. Using other adapters may damage the unit.

3. Connect one end of the Ethernet cable (straight-wired, see below) to the Ethernet port on the back of your computer, and the other end to the ETHERNET port on the Wireless Voice Gateway.

Make sure that the Ethernet cable is straight-wired (not "null" or crossover-wired). However, you will need a crossover-type cable if you are connecting the modem to a hub, or a hub within a port switch that provides the same function.



Fig. 15: Ethernet Connection

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### Connecting More Than A Computer to the Wireless Voice Gateway

If you need to connect more than a computer to TWG850-4, simply connect the computers to the Ethernet ports on the rear panel.



Fig. 16: Multiple-PC Connection

Note: You may need to check with your service provider in order to connect multiple computers.



### **Telephone or Fax Connection**

When properly connected, most telephony devices can be used with the Wireless Voice Gateway just as with conventional telephone service. To make a normal telephone call, pick up the handset; listen for a dial tone, then dial the desired number. For services such as call waiting, use the hook switch (or FLASH button) to change calls. The following procedures describe some of the possible connection schemes for using telephony devices with the Wireless Voice Gateway.

- Connect a standard phone line cord directly from the phone (fax machine, answering machine, caller ID box, etc.) to one of the LINE jacks on the Wireless Voice Gateway.
- 2. If there is a phone line in your home which is NOT connected to another telephone service provider, connect a standard phone line cord from a jack on this line to one of the LINE jacks of the Wireless Voice Gateway. Connect a standard phone line cord directly from the phone (fax machine, answering machine, caller ID box, etc.) to one of the other jacks in the house that uses that line.
- 3. If you have a multi-line telephone, connect a standard phone line cord (not an RJ-14 type line cord) from the phone to the LINE jacks on the Wireless Voice Gateway. (Other phones can be added to each line by using standard phone line splitters.



Fig. 17: Phone/Fax Connection

21 Illustrations contained in this document are for representation only.



### **Turning on the Wireless Voice Gateway**

After installing the Wireless Voice Gateway and turn it on for the first time (and each time the modem is reconnected to the power), it goes through several steps before it can be used. Each of these steps is represented by a different pattern of flashing lights on the front of the modem.

#### Note: All indicators flash once before the initialization sequence.

If all of the lights are flashing sequentially, it means the Wireless Voice Gateway is automatically updating its system software. Please wait for the lights to stop flashing. You cannot use your modem during this time. Do not remove the power supply or reset the Wireless Voice Gateway during this process.



To make sure that you can access the Internet successfully, please check the following first.

- 1. Make sure the connection (through Ethernet or USB) between the Wireless Voice Gateway and your computer is OK.
- 2. Make sure the TCP/IP protocol is set properly.
- 3. Subscribe to a Cable Company.

#### Accessing the Web Configuration

The **Wireless Voice Gateway** offers local management capability through a built in HTTP server and a number of diagnostic and configuration web pages. You can configure the settings on the web page and apply them to the device.

Once your host PC is properly configured; please proceed as follows:

- 1. Start your web browser and type the private IP address of the Wireless Voice Gateway on the URL field: **192.168.0.1.**
- 2. After connecting to the device, you will be prompted to enter username and password. By default, the username is "" and the password is "admin".

Connect to 192.	168.100.1	<u>? ×</u>
7		13
Thomson	6	
Password:	23	
	Remember my pas	ssword
	ОК	Cancel

Fig. 18

If you login successfully, the main page will appear.



### **Outline of Web Manager**

The main screen will be shown as below.

Images & beyond       Gateway       VoIP       Status - Network - Advanced - Firewall - Parental Control - Wireless         Status       Status         Software       Software : This page displays information on the current system software.         Information       DOCSIS 2.0         Hardware Version       2.0         Software Version       ST81.02.03         Cable Modern MAC Address       00:11:e3:df:66:93         Cable Modern Serial Number       00843634400081         Cable Modern Serial Number       00843634400081         Cable Modern Serial Number       00843634400081         Cable Modern MAC Address       00:11:e3:df:66:93         Cable Modern MAC Address       00:11:e3:df:66:93         Cable Modern Serial Number       00843634400081         Cable Modern Serial Number       00843634400081         Cable Modern IP Address       Denied         Network Access       Denied         CableModern IP Address       0.0.0.0	HOMSON		1	Administration
Status         Software         onnection         assword         iagnostics         vent Log         itial Scan         Status         Status         Status         Status         Status         Software         Software         Software         Software         Software         Software Version         Software Version         Software Version         Software Version         Software Version         Software Version         Cable Modem MAC Address         00:11:e3:df:66:93         Cable Modem Serial Number         00:843634400081         CM certificate         Installed           Status           System Up Time       0 days 00h:02m:59s         Network Access       Denied         CableModem IP Address       0.0.0.0	images & beyond	Gateway VoIP Statu	<b>is -</b> Network - Advanced - Firewall	- Parental Control - Wireless
Software       Software : This page displays information on the current system software.         Information       Standard Specification Compliant       DOCSIS 2.0         Hardware Version       2.0         Software Version       ST81.02.03         Cable Modern MAC Address       00:11:e3:df.68:93         Cable Modern Serial Number       00843634400081         CM certificate       Installed         Vent Log       Status         System Up Time       0 days 00h:02m:59s         Network Access       Denied         CableModern IP Address       0.0.0		Status		
Information         Standard Specification Compliant       DOCSIS 2.0         Hardware Version       2.0         Software Version       ST81.02.03         Cable Modern MAC Address       00:11:e3:df:66:93         Cable Modern Serial Number       00843634400081         CM certificate       Installed         Vent Log       Status         System Up Time       0 days 00h:02m:59s         Network Access       Denied         CableModern IP Address       0.0.0.0	A	Software : This page displays inform	mation on the current system software.	
Standard Specification Compliant       DOCSIS 2.0         Innection       Lardware Version       2.0         Software Version       ST81.02.03         Cable Modern MAC Address       00:11:e3:df:66:93         Cable Modern Serial Number       00843634400081         CM certificate       Installed         Status         System Up Time       0 days 00h:02m:59s         Network Access       Denied         CableModern IP Address       0.0.0.0	ftware	Information		
Hardware Version2.0Software VersionST81.02.03Cable Modern MAC Address00:11:e3:df:66:93Cable Modern Serial Number00843634400081CM certificateInstalledStatusSystem Up Time0 days 00h:02m:59sNetwork AccessDeniedCableModern IP Address0.0.0	ntware	Standard Specification Compliant	DOCSIS 2.0	
Software Version ST81.02.03 Cable Modern MAC Address 00:11:e3:df:66:93 Cable Modern Serial Number 00843634400081 CM certificate Installed Status Status System Up Time 0 days 00h:02m:59s Network Access Denied CableModern IP Address 0.0.0.0	nnection	Hardware Version	2.0	
Cable Modern MAC Address 00:11:e3:df:66:93 Cable Modern Serial Number 00843634400081 CM certificate Installed Status System Up Time 0 days 00h:02m:59s Network Access Denied CableModern IP Address 0.0.0		Software Version	ST81.02.03	
Cable Modern Serial Number     00843634400081       CM certificate     Installed       Itial Scan     Status       System Up Time     0 days 00h:02m:59s       Network Access     Denied       CableModern IP Address     0.0.0	ssword	Cable Modern MAC Address	00:11:e3:df:66:93	
Status     CM certificate     Installed       Status     System Up Time     0 days 00h:02m:59s       Network Access     Denied       CableModern IP Address     0.0.0.0	anostics	Cable Modern Serial Number	00843634400081	
ent Log itial Scan Status System Up Time 0 days 00h:02m:59s Network Access Denied CableModem IP Address 0.0.0.0	agnostics	CM certificate	Installed	
Status       System Up Time     0 days 00h:02m:59s       Network Access     Denied       CableModem IP Address     0.0.0.0	ent Log			
System Up Time     0 days 00h:02m:59s       Network Access     Denied       CableModem IP Address     0.0.0.0	tial Scan	Status		
Network Access     Denied       CableModern IP Address     0.0.0.0		System Up Time	0 days 00h:02m:59s	
CableModern IP Address 0.0.0.0		Network Access	Denied	
		CableModern IP Address	0.0.0.0	
	homson - 2007			

Fig. 19

- Main Menu: the hyperlinks on the top of the page, including Gateway, VoIP and several sub-menu items
- **Title**: the sidebar on the left side of the page indicates the title of this management interface, e.g., Software in this example
- **Main Window**: the current workspace of the web management, containing configuration or status information

For easy navigation, the pages are organized in groups, with group names main menu, individual page names within each group are provided in the sidebar. To navigate to a page, click the group hyperlink at the top, then the page title on the sidebar.

Your cable company may not support the reporting of some items of information listed on your gateway's internal web pages. In such cases, the information field appears blank. This is normal.



### Gateway - Status Web Page Group

#### 1. Software

The information section shows the hardware and software information about your gateway.

The status section of this page shows how long your gateway has operated since last time being powered up, and some key information the Cable Modem received during the initialization process with your cable company. If Network Access shows "Allowed," then your cable company has configured your gateway to have Internet connectivity. If not, you may not have Internet access, and should contact your cable company to resolve this.

images & beyond	Gateway VoIP Statu Status Software : This page displays inform	s - Network - Advanced - nation on the current system so	Firewall - Parental Control - Wireless oftware.
oftware	Status Software : This page displays inform	nation on the current system so	oftware.
oftware	Software : This page displays inform	nation on the current system so	oftware.
ftware	Information		
nection			
inection	Standard Specification Compliant	DOCSIS 2.0	
	Hardware Version	2.0	
	Software Version	ST81.02.03	
sword	Cable Modern MAC Address	00:11:e3:df:66:93	
Inactice	Cable Modern Serial Number	00843634400081	
nostics	CM certificate	Installed	
: Log			
l Scan	Status		
	System Up Time	0 days 00h:02m:59s	
	Network Access	Denied	
	CableModem IP Address	0.0.0.0	

Fig. 20



### 2. Connection

This page reports current connection status containing startup procedures, downstream and upstream status, CM online information, and so on. The information can be useful to your cable company's support technician if you're having problems.

HOMSON							Administratic
images & beyond	Gateway Vo	DIP Sta	atus - N	etwork -	Adva	nced - Firewal	- Parental Control - Wireless
<b>4</b> . 18	Status						
	Connection : This pa	age displays	informati	on on the s	tatus	of the cable mo	dem's HFC and IP network connectiv
oftware	Startup Procedure						
Joreware	Procedure			Status	Co	omment	
Connection	Acquire Downstream	Channel			Lo	cked	
	Connectivity State			ок	Op	perational	
assword	Boot State			ок	OK Operational		
ingposties	Configuration File						
lagnostics	Security		1	Disabled	Dis	sabled	
vent Log	Downstream Channe						
nitial Scan	Lock Status	Locked Mo		Modulation QAM256		OAM256	
incidi o'cuiri	Channel ID	1	Symb	ol rate		5360537	
	Downstream Frequence	cv .	Downstream		wer	20.2 dBmV	
	SNR	37.2 d	в				
	Upstream Channel						
	Lock Status	Locked	Modulatio	on	QAN	/16	
D - Thomson - 2007	Channel ID	1	Symbol r	rate 25		0 Ksym/sec	
	Upstream Frequency		Upstream	m Power	40.2	dBmV	
	CM IP Address Duration			Exp	ires		
		D: H: M: S:			;;		

Fig. 21

### 3. Password

This page is used to change the password that enables you to access the gateway web pages next time. The default User ID is " "*(EMPTY)*, and the password is "*admin*". The password can be a maximum of 8 characters and is case sensitive. In addition, this page can be used to restore the gateway to its original factory settings. Use this with caution, as all the settings you have made will be lost. To perform this reset, set **Restore Factory Defaults** to **Yes** and click **Apply**. This has the same effect as a factory reset using the rear panel reset switch, where you hold on the switch for 15 seconds, then release it.

Administration
Status - Network - Advanced - Firewall - Parental Control - Wireless
Status
Password : This page allows configuration of administration access privileges and the ability to restore factory defaults to the system.
User Name
Password •••••
Re-Enter Password
Restore Factory Defaults C Yes © No
Apply

Fig. 22

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### 4. Diagnostics

This page offers basic diagnostic tools for you to utilize when connectivity problems occur. When you ping an Internet device, you send a packet to its TCP/IP stack, and it sends one back to yours. To use the ping Test, enter the information needed and press **Start Test**; the Result will be displayed in the lower part of the window. Press **Abort Test** to stop, and **Clear Results** to clear the result contents.

Note: Firewalls may cause pings to fail but still provide you TCP/IP access to selected devices behind them. Keep this in mind when pinging a device that may be behind a firewall. Ping is most useful to verify connectivity with PCs have no firewall, such as the PCs on your LAN side.

THOMSON	Administration	~
images & beyond	Gateway VoIP Status - Network - Advanced - Firewall - Parental Control - Wireless	>
<b>F</b> .	Status	
	Diagnostics : This page provides for ping diagnostics to the LAN to help with IP connectivity problems.	_
Software	Ping Test Parameters Ping Target 192 . 168 . 0 . 1	
Connection	Ping Size 64 bytes	
Password	No. of Pings 3	
Diagnostics	Ping Interval 1000 ms	
Diagnostics	Start Test Abort Test Clear Results	
Event Log	Pooulto	
Initial Scan	Waiting for input	
	To get an update of the results you must REFRESH the page.	
© - Thomson - 2007		-

Fig. 23

### 5. Event Log

This page displays the contents of the SNMP event log. Press "Clear Log" button to clear the logs.

THOMSON			Administration
images & beyond	Gateway	VoIP	Status - Network - Advanced - Firewall - Parental Control - Wireless 🤍 🥥
<b>*</b> .	Status		
	SNMP Event Log	ı: This pag	e displays the contents of the SNMP event log.
Software	Time	Priority	Description
Software	Time Not Established	Critical (3)	SYNC Timing Synchronization failure - Failed to acquire QAM/Q
Connection	Time Not Established	Critical	Resetting the cable modern due to console
Password		(0)	command
Diagnostics	Clear Log		
Event Log			
Initial Scan			
© - Thomson - 2007			

Fig. 24



### 6. Initial Scan

To speed up the modem's first time startup, enter known downstream frequency and/or upstream channel ID information here. Then click "**Apply and Reboot**" button to start scanning the cable network beginning with the values supplied here.

THOMSON	Administratio	n
images & beyond	Gateway VoIP Status - Network - Advanced - Firewall - Parental Control - Wireless	5
Tr.	Status	
	Initial Scan : To speed up the modem's first time startup, enter known downstream frequency and/or upstream channel ID information here. Then click the 'Apply and Reboot' button. The modem will start scanning the cable network beginning with the values supplied here.	
Software		-
Connection		
Password	Initial DS Frequency: 153750000 Upstream Channel ID: 0	
Diagnostics	Apply and Reboot	
Event Log		-
Initial Scan		
@ Turner 2007		
e monson - 2007		<u> </u>

Fig. 25



### Gateway - Network Web Page Group

#### 1. LAN

You can activate the DHCP server function for the LAN on this page.

With this function activated, your cable company's DHCP server provides one IP address for your gateway, and your gateway's DHCP server provides IP addresses, starting at the address you set in IP Address on the LAN page, to your PCs. A DHCP server leases an IP address with an expiration time.

To change the lowest IP address that your gateway will issue to your PCs, enter it into the **IPAddress** box and then click **Apply**.

THOMSON			Administration
images & beyond	Gateway VoI	P Status - Network - Advanced - Firewall -	Parental Control - Wireless 🤍
<b>F</b> .	Network		
	LAN : This page allows	configuration and status of the optional internal DHCP	server for the LAN.
LAN	Network Configuration	n	
	IP Address	192 . 168 . 0 . 1	
WAN	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Computers	MAC Address	00:11:e3:df:66:97	
comparero	DHCP Server	⊙Yes ONo	
	Starting Local Address	192.168.0.10	
	Number of CPEs	245	
	Lease Time	604800	
		Apply	
		( Arb.)	
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Fig.26

#### 2. WAN

You can configure the optional internal DHCP server for the WAN on this page. Select different WAN Connection Type will lead to different contents. Take the WAN connection type-DHCP for example, you can release and renew the WAN lease by pressing the buttons.

You can enter a spoofed MAC address that causes your gateway networking stack to use that MAC address when communicating instead of the usual WAN MAC address, e.g., if the MAC address is 00:11:e3:df:66:95, this spoofed MAC address could be 00:11:e3:df:66:97 or any desired MAC address.

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THOMSON			Administration
images & beyond	Gateway VoIP	Status - Network - Advanced - Firewall -	Parental Control - Wireless 🤉
<b>F</b> .	Network		
	WAN : This page allows co	nfiguration and status of the internal DHCP client fo	r the WAN.
LAN	WAN IP Address:	····,···,···	
W/AN	MAC Address: Duration	00:11:e3:df:66:95 D: H: M: S:	
WAN	Expires	((	
Computers	Release WAN L	ease Renew WAN Lease	
	WAN Con Host Name	Required by some ISPs)	
	Domain Name	(Required by some ISPs)	
	Spoofed MAC Addres	s 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00	
© - Thomson - 2007			<u>×</u>

Fig. 27

## 3. Computers

This page displays the status of the DHCP clients and current system time. You can cancel an IP address lease by selecting it in the DHCP Client Lease Info list and then clicking the **Force Available** button. If you do so, you may have to perform a DHCP Renew on that PC, so that it can obtain a new lease.

THOMSON	Administration
images & beyond	Gateway VoIP Status - Network - Advanced - Firewall - Parental Control - Wireless
<b>F</b> . 10	Network
	Computers : This page shows the status of the DHCP clients and current system time.
LAN	DHCP Clients
LAN	MAC Address IP Address Subnet Mask Duration Expires Select
WAN	
Computers	Current System Time: Force Available
© - Thomson - 2007	

Fig. 28



### Gateway - Advanced Web Page Group

#### 1. Options

This page allows you to enable/disable some features of the Wireless Voice Gateway.

THOMSON			Administration	*
images & beyond	Gateway VoIP	Status - Network - Advanced - Firewall -	Parental Control - Wireless 🤍	
<b>F</b> . 10	Advanced			
AR	Options : This page allows	configuration of advanced features of the broadba	nd gateway.	
Options	WAN Blocking	☑ Enable		
IP Filtering	PPTP PassThrough	Enable		
MAC Filtering	Remote Config Management Multicast Enable	□ Enable ▼ Enable		
Port Filtering	UPnP Enable	🗆 Enable		
Forwarding	сфріу			
Port Triggers				
DMZ Host				
RIP Setup				
© - Thomson - 2007				-

Fig. 29

- WAN Blocking prevents others on the WAN side from being able to ping your gateway. With WAN Blocking enabled, your gateway will not respond to pings it receives, effectively "hiding" your gateway.
- **Ipsec PassThrough** enables IpSec type packets to pass WAN ⇔ LAN. IpSec (IP Security) is a security mechanism used in Virtual Private Networks (VPNs).
- **PPTP PassThrough** enables PPTP type packets to pass WAN ⇔ LAN. PPTP (Point to Point Tunneling Protocol) is another mechanism sometimes used in VPNs.
- Remote Config Management makes the configuration web pages in your gateway accessible from the WAN side. Note that page access is limited to only those who know the gateway access password. When accessing your gateway from a remote location, your must use HTTP port 8080 and the WAN IP address of the gateway. For example, if the WAN IP address is 157.254.5.7, you would navigate to http://157.254.5.7:8080 to reach your gateway.
- Multicast Enable enables multicast traffic to pass WAN ⇔ LAN. You may need to enable this to see some types of broadcast streaming and content on the Internet.
- **UPnP** Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) helps devices, such as Internet appliances and computers, access the network and connect to other devices as needed. UPnP devices can automatically discover the services from other registered UPnP devices on the network.

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# 2. IP Filtering

This page enables you to enter the IP address ranges of PCs on your LAN that you don't want to have outbound access to the WAN. These PCs can still communicate with each other on your LAN, but packets they originate to WAN addresses are blocked by the gateway.

THOMSON						Adminis	tration
images & beyond	Gateway	VoIP	Status - Nei	work - Ad	vanced - Firewall	- Parental Control -	Wireless 🥥
F.,	Advanced						
	IP Filtering : The network devices	nis page allows on the LAN.	the configura	tion of IP Ad	dress filters in orde	to block internet traffic	to specific
Options		IP Filtering					
IP Filtering	Start Address	End Address	Enabled				
	192.168.0.0	192.168.0.0					
MAC Filtering	192.168.0.0	192.168.0.0					
Port Filtering	192.168.0.0	192.168.0.0					
Forwarding	192.168.0.0	192.168.0.0					
Dank Trianana	192.168.0.0	192.168.0.0					
Port Triggers	192.168.0.0	192.168.0.0					
DMZ Host	192.168.0.0	192.168.0.U					
RIP Setup	192.168.0.0	192.168.0.0					
		Apply					
© - Thomson - 2007							7

Fig.30

## 3. MAC Filtering

This page enables you to enter the MAC address of specific PCs on your LAN that you wish to NOT have outbound access to the WAN. As with IP filtering, these PCs can still communicate with each other through the gateway, but packets they send to WAN addresses are blocked.

THOMSON	Administration
images & beyond	Gateway VoIP Status - Network - Advanced - Firewall - Parental Control - Wireless 🤍
<b>F</b> .	Advanced
	MAC Filtering : This page allows configuration of MAC Address filters in order to block internet traffic to specific network devices on the LAN.
Options	MAC Address Filters
IP Filtering	MAC 01 00: 00: 00: 00: 00: 00 MAC 02 00: 00: 00: 00: 00 MAC 03 00: 00: 00: 00: 00 MAC 04 00: 00: 00: 00
MAC Filtering	MAC 05 00; 00; 00; 00; 00; 00 MAC 06 00; 00; 00; 00; 00
Port Filtering	MAC 07[00: [00: [00: [00: [00: [00]] 00] MAC 09[00: [00: [00: [00: [00]] 00] MAC 10[00: [00: [00: [00]] 00] MAC 10[00: [00: [00]] 00]
Forwarding	MAC 13 00; 00; 00; 00; 00; 00 MAC 14 00; 00; 00; 00; 00
Port Triggers	MAC 15 00: 00: 00: 00: 00: 00 MAC 18 00: 00: 00: 00 00: 00 MAC 18 00: 00: 00: 00 00: 00 MAC 17 00: 00: 00: 00 MAC 18 00: 00: 00: 00: 00 MAC 18 00: 00: 00: 00 MAC 18 00: 00: 00 MAC 18 00: 00: 00 MAC 18 00 MAC
DMZ Host	MAC 19 00: 00: 00: 00: 00 MAC 20 00: 00: 00: 00: 00
RIP Setup	Apply
© - Thomson - 2007	×

Fig.31

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### 4. Port Filtering

This page allows you to enter ranges of destination ports (applications) that you don't want your LAN PCs to send packets to. Any packets your LAN PCs send to these destination ports will be blocked. For example, you could block access to worldwide web browsing (http = port 80) but still allow email service (SMTP port 25 and POP-3 port 110). To enable port filtering, set Start Port and End Port for each range, and click Apply. To block only one port, set both Start and End ports the same.





### 5. Forwarding

For LAN  $\Leftrightarrow$  WAN communications, the gateway normally only allows you to originate an IP connection with a PC on the WAN; it will ignore attempts of the WAN PC to originate a connection onto your PC. This protects you from malicious attacks from outsiders. However, sometimes you may wish for anyone outside to be able to originate a connection to a particular PC on your LAN if the destination port (application) matches one you specify.

This page allows you to specify up to 10 such rules. For example, to specify that outsiders should have access to an FTP server you have running at 192.168.0.5, create a rule with that address and Start Port =20 and End Port =21 (FTP port ranges) and Protocol = TCP (FTP runs over TCP and the other transport protocol, UDP), and click Apply. This will cause inbound packets that match to be forwarded to that PC rather than blocked. As these connections are not tracked, no entry is made for them in the Connection Table. The same IP address can be entered multiple times with different **ports**.



THOMSON							Adm	inistr	ratio	n
images & beyond	Gateway	VoIP	St	atus - Network - <i>I</i>	Advanced -	Firewall -	Parental C	iontrol - W	ïreless	0
	Advanced									_
	Forwarding : 7 servers, etc. so provided.	This allows they can be	for inco acces	oming requests on sp ssible from the public	ecific port nu internet. A ta	mbers to r ble of com	each web se monly used p	rvers, FTP s ort numbers	ervers, m s is also	ail
ptions										_
Filtering	Local IP Adr	Port For Start Por	wardin tEnd F	g ort Protocol Enabled						
, contrag	192.168.0.0	0	0	Both 💌 🗆						
Filtering	192.168.0.0	0	0	Both 💌 🗆						
ering	192.168.0.0	0	0	Both 💌 🗖						
	192.168.0.0	0	0	Both 💌 🗖						
ing	192.168.0.0	0	0	Both 💌 🗖						
Iders	192.168.0.0	0	0	Both 💌 🗖						
	192.168.0.0	0	0	Both 💌 🗖						
	192.168.0.0	0	0	Both 💌 🗖						
n	192.168.0.0	0	0	Both 💌 🗖						
or p	192.168.0.0	0	0	Both 💌 🗖						
		Ap	ply							
son - 2007										

Fig.33

### 6. Port Triggers

Some Internet activities, such as interactive gaming, require that a PC on the WAN side of your gateway be able to originate connections during the game with your game playing PC on the LAN side. You could use the Advanced-Forwarding web page to construct a forwarding rule during the game, and then remove it afterwards (to restore full protection to your LAN PC) to facilitate this. Port triggering is an elegant mechanism that does this work for you, each time you play the game.

THOMSON				d'		Administration
images & beyond	Gateway	VoIP	Stat	tus - Network -	Advanced - Firewa	III - Parental Control - Wireless 🥥
Te.	Advanced					
	Port Triggers : special application as video confere	This page ons that required the trans that required the transformed by the transformation of transform	allows o uire spe e, garnin	configuration of dyr cific port numbers g, and some mess	namic triggers to spe with bi-directional tra senging program feat	cific devices on the LAN. This allows for ffic to function properly. Applications such ures may require these special settings.
Options					1	
IP Filtering	Trigger Range Start Port End P	Port Trig Target R ort Start Po	ggering ≀ange rtEnd P	Protocol Enable		
MAC Filtering	0 0	0	0			
Port Filtering	0 0	0	0			
Forwarding	0	0	0			
Port Triggers	0 0 0 0	0	0 0			
DMZ Host	0	0	0			
RIP Setup		0	0			
	0 0	0	0			
@ - Thomson - 2007		App	olà l			

Fig.34

Port Triggering works as follows. Imagine you want to play a particular game with PCs somewhere on the

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Internet. You make one time effort to set up a Port Trigger for that game, by entering into **Trigger Range** the range of destination ports your game will be sending to, and entering into **Target Range** the range of destination ports the other player (on the WAN side) will be sending to (ports your PC's game receives on). Application programs like games publish this information in user manuals. Later, each time you play the game, the gateway automatically creates the forwarding rule necessary. This rule is valid until 10 minutes after it sees game activity stop. After 10 minutes, the rule becomes inactive until the next matched outgoing traffic arrives.

For example, suppose you specify Trigger Range from 6660 to 6670 and Target Range from 113 to 113. An outbound packet arrives at the gateway with your game-playing PC source IP address 192.168.0.10, destination port 666 over TCP/IP. This destination port is within the Trigger destined for port 113 to your game-playing PC at 192.168.0.10.

You can specify up to 10 port ranges on which to trigger.

#### 7. DMZ Host

Use this page to designate one PC on your LAN that should be left accessible to all PCs from the WAN side, for all ports. For example, if you put an HTTP server on this machine, anyone will be able to access that HTTP server by using your gateway IP address as the destination. A setting of "0" indicates NO DMZ PC. "Host" is another Internet term for a PC connected to the Internet.



Fig.35



# 8. RIP (Routing Information Protocol) Setup

This feature enables the gateway to be used in small business situations where more than one LAN (local area network) is installed. The RIP protocol provides the gateway a means to "advertise" available IP routes to these LANs to your cable operator, so packets can be routed properly in this situation.

Your cable operator will advise you during installation if any setting changes are required here.

THOMSON	Administration
images & beyond	Gateway VoIP Status - Network - Advanced - Firewall - Parental Control - Wireless 🤍
	Advanced
	Routing Information Protocol Setup : This page allows configuration of RIP parameters related to authentication, destination IP address/subnet mask, and reporting intervals. RIP automatically identifies and uses the best known and quickest route to any given destination address.
Options	
IP Filtering	RIP Support Disabled
MAC Filtering	RIP Authentication Key
Port Filtering	RIP Authentication Key ID 0
Forwarding	RIP Reputing interval 30 seconds
Port Triggers	Apply
DMZ Host	
RIP Setup	
Kir Setup	
@ - Thomson - 2007	

Fig.36



# Gateway - Firewall Web Page Group

### 1. Web Content Filtering

These pages allow you to enable, disable, and configure a variety of firewall features associated with web browsing, which uses the HTTP protocol and transports HTML web pages. On these pages, you designate the gateway packet types you want to have forwarded or blocked. You can activate settings by checking them and clicking Apply.

The web-related filtering features you can activate from the Web Content Filter page include Filter Proxy, Filter Cookies, Filter Java Applets, Filter ActiveX, Filter Popup Windows, and Firewall Protection.

If you want the gateway to exclude your selected filters to certain computers on your LAN, enter their MAC addresses in the Trusted Computers area of this page.



Fig.37



# 2. TOD Filtering

Use this page to set rules that will block specific LAN side PCs from accessing the Internet, but only at specific days and times. Specify a PC by its hardware MAC address, and then use the tools to specify blocking time. Finally, click the Apply button to save your settings.



Fig.38



#### 3. Local Log and Remote Log

The gateway builds a log of firewall blocking actions that Firewall has taken. Using the Local Log page lets you specify an email address to which you want the gateway to email this log. You must also tell the gateway your outgoing (i.e. SMTP) email server's name, so it can direct the email to it. Enable Email Alerts has the gateway forward email notices when Firewall protection events occur. Click **E-mail Log** to immediately send the email log. Click **Clear Log** to clear the table of entries for a fresh start.

The log of these events is also visible on the screen. For each blocking event type that has taken place since the table was last cleared, the table shows Description, Count, Last Occurrence, Target, and Source.

THOMSON	Administration
images & beyond	Gateway VoIP Status - Network - Advanced - Firewall - Parental Control - Wireless 🤍
te.	Firewall
	Local Log : This page allows configuration of Firewall event log reporting via email alerts and a local view of the attacks on the system.
Web Filter	Contact Email Address
TOD Filter	SMTP Server Name
Local Log	E-mail Alerts
Remote Log	Description Count Last Occurence Target Source
	E-mail Log Clear Log
© - Thomson - 2007	v

Fig.39

The Remote Log page allows you to specify the IP address where a SysLog server is located and select different types of firewall events that may occur. Then, each time such an event occurs, notification is automatically sent to this log server.

THOMSON	Administration	-
images & beyond	Gateway VoIP Status - Network - Advanced - Firewall - Parental Control - Wireless 🤍	
<b>1</b>	Firewall	
	<b>Remote Log</b> : This page allows optional configuration of events to be sent to a local SysLog server.	
Web Filter	Send selected events	
webrinter	Permitted Connections	
TOD Filter	Blocked Connections	
	C Known Internet Attacks	
Local Log	Product Configuration Events	
Pemote Log	to SysLog server at <b>192.168.0.</b> 0	
Remote Log	Apply	
© - Thomson - 2007		-

Fig.40



# <u>Gateway - Parental Control We</u>b Page Group

# 1. Basic

This page allows you to enable, disable, and configure a variety of firewall features associated with web browsing, which uses the HTTP protocol and transports HTML web pages. On these pages, you designate the gateway packet types you want to have forwarded or blocked. You can activate settings by checking them and clicking Apply.

Here are some of your choices on the Parental Control page:

- Activate **Keyword Blocking** and specify some keywords in the Keyword List to cause blocking of web pages on the WAN side with the specified keyword in the content.
- Activate **Domain Blocking** and specify some Domain Names (e.g. disney.com) in the Domain List.

THOMSON				1		А	dminis	tratio	n
images & beyond	Gateway	VoIP	Status - Ne	etwork - Adv	vanced - Fire	ewall - Par	ental Control ·	- Wireless	5
- Lina	Parental Cont Basic Setup : T	<b>trol</b> his page allow	/s basic seler	ction of rules v	vhich block ce	ertain Interne	t content and ce	ertain Web site	s.
	When you change for your new settin	e your Parenta ngs to take eff	ect. If you ref	ings, you mus resh your brov	t click on the vser's display	appropriate ' , you will see	Apply", "Add" or the currently a	r "Remove" but ctive settings.	ton
Basic	Content Filtering Keyword Blockin Domain Blocking	g □ Enable ⊡ Enable							
	Keyword List	Apply	_						
	Remove Keyw	vord	Add Key	word					
@ Themese 2007	Blocked Domain	List							
e - monson - 2007			Add Don	nain					
	Remove Dom	ain	Add Don	nam					
									-

Fig.41



### Gateway - Wireless Web Page Group

# Important: Changes to the wireless web pages should be made from a PC that is hard wired to the gateway, i.e. via Ethernet.

The Wireless web pages group enables a variety of settings that can provide secure and reliable wireless communications for even the most demanding tech-savvy user.

The TWG850-4 gateway offers a choice of 802.1x, WPA and WPA-PSK authentication of your PCs to the gateway, 64 and 128 bit WEP encryption of communication between the gateway and your PCs to guaranty security, and an Access Control List function that enables you to restrict wireless access to only your specific PCs.

The wireless function will probably work in your home as shipped from the factory, but without the security features activated. In addition, the factory default wireless channel setting may not provide optimum changes are recommended from the factory defaults, to secure your wireless communications and provide optimum performance.

#### Performance

Because your wireless communication travels through the air, the factory default wireless channel setting may not provide optimum performance in your home if you or your neighbors have other interfering 2.4GHz devices such as cordless phones. If your wireless PC is experiencing very sluggish or dramatically slower communication compared with the speed you achieve on your PC that is wired to the gateway, try changing the channel number. See the 802.11b/g Basic Web Page discussion below for details.

#### Authentication

Authentication enables you to restrict your gateway from communicating with any remote wireless PCs that aren't yours. The following minimum authentication-related changes to factory defaults are recommended. See the 802.11b/g Basic and Access Control Web Page discussions below for details.

Network Name (SSID) - Set a unique name you choose

Network Type - Set to Open

Access Control List - Enter your wireless PCs' MAC addresses



# Security

Security secures or scrambles messages traveling through the air between your wireless PCs and the gateway, so they can't be observed by others. The following minimum security setting changes to factory defaults are recommended. See the 802.11b/g Security Web Page discussion below for details.

Data Encryption – Set to WEP (64-bit)

PassPhrase - Use this feature to generate security keys

#### 1.802.11 Radio

This page allows configuration of the Wireless Radio including current country and channel number.

Press "Apply" button to enable the new setting that you have changed or press "Restore Wireless

Defaults" button to restore to defaults setting.

THOMSON	Administration
images & beyond	Gateway VoIP Status - Network - Advanced - Firewall - Parental Control - Wireless 🤍
A CAR	Wireless 802.11 Radio : This page allows configuration of the Wireless Radio including current country and channel number.
<b>Radio</b> Primary Network	Interface Enabled   Wireless MAC Address: 00:18:9b:3a:c4:32   New Channel: 1   Current Channel: 1
Guest Network Access Control	Apply Restore Wireless Defaults
Advanced	
Bridging	
WMM	
© - Thomson - 2007	



- Interface: The wireless radio in your gateway can be completely de-activated by changing Interface to Disabled. Click the Apply button to save your settings. If you want to re-activate the disabled wireless radio in your gateway, need to contact cable operator.
- Wireless MAC Address: The MAC address for this wireless device will be displayed in this field automatically.
- New Channel: There are 13 channels that you can choose. Choose the one that is suitable for this device.
- **Current Channel**: The channel that you choose will be displayed in this field.

**Restore Wireless defaults:** To recover to the default settings, press this button to retrieve the settings and click Apply.

43 Illustrations contained in this document are for representation only.



#### 2.802.11 Primary Network

This page allows you to configure the Network Authentication. Here provides several different modes of wireless security. You will have to enter proper information according to the mode you select.

HOMSON images & beyond	Gateway	Vote		1		<b>E</b> : 1	Admini	strati	ior
	Wireless	VOIP	Status -	Network -	Advanced	- Firewall -	Parental Contro	I - Wireless	3
	902 11 Drimony	latura de la T	hia naga alk		ation of the l	Drimon ( ) Alino	less Network and it		ottina
	602.11 Frimary I	vetwork .	nis page and	Jws conngui			eless Network and I	is security se	sung
	Primary N	etwork Thom	_D050699 (	00:18:9b:3a:(	:4:32)				
Radio	Prin	nary Network	Enabled 🚩			Automatic	Security Config	uration	
rimary Network	Network I	Name (SSID)	Thom_D050	699		WPS 🔽			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Clo	osed Network	Open 💌			WPS Config	State: Unconfigured		
uest Network		WPA	Disabled 🛩			The physical bur provision wireles	itton on the AP will ss clients using		
ccess Control		WPA-PSK	Enabled 🚩	1		Wi-Fi Protected	Setup (WPS)		
duanad		WPA2	Disabled 💙			Device			
avanced		WPA2-PSK	Enabled 🚩			Name Tho	msonAP		
ridging	WPAWPA	2 Encryption	TKIP+AES	*					
/MM	WPA Pre	-Shared Kev				WPS Setu		Configuro	
/1/11/1		,	Show K	ev		PIN: 123456	570	Configure	
	RA	DIUS Server	0.0.0.0			WPS Add	Client		
		RADIUS Port	1812			Add a clier	nt: OPush-Button		bb
		RADIUS Key				PIN:			_
Thomson - 2007			,						
	Group Key Rot	tation Interval	0						
,	WPAW	PA2 Re-auth	3600						
		Interval	0000						
	WE	P Encryption	Disabled	~					
	Shared Key A	uthentication	Optional 😽						
	802.1× A	uthentication	Disabled 🗸						
	N	etwork Key 1		-					
	N	etwork Key 2							
	N	etwork Key 3							
	N	, etwork Key 4							
	Current	Network Key	1 🗸						
		PassPhrase							
			Generat	te WEP Kevs					
			Annly						
			. 444.1						



Primary Network: It is used to Enable or Disable the whole Primary Network feature.

**Network Name (SSID):** By using this you can change the factory default to a name of your choice up to 32 characters long.

**Closed Network:** This control is used to hide or reveal your network name (SSID) to any remote, wireless equipped PC in the area that may be scanning WiFi channels to find available WiFi networks. The gateway WiFi radio frequently transmits a beacon signal which can contain this network name (SSID). If you set Closed Network to Enable, your SSID is included in that beacon, and is therefore detectable by any nearby wireless equipped PCs in the area. The benefit of using Enable is it can speed your WiFi setup on some PCs. If you set Closed Network to Disable, your SSID is not included in the beacon. This hides your network name (SSID), but as a result may require a bit more effort on your part to set up your wireless PCs. And when we Enable the

WPS Config then the Closed Network will be Disabled automatically.

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### WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access)/WPA2:

It must be used in conjunction with an authentication server such as RADIUS to provide centralized access control and management. It can provide stronger encryption and authentication solution than none WPA modes. **WPA2** is the second generation of **WPA** security

### WPA-PSK (WPA-Pre-Shared Key) /WPA2-PSK (WPA2-Pre-Shared Key):

It is useful for small places without authentication servers such as the network at home. It allows the use of manually-entered keys or passwords and is designed to be easily set up for home users.

## WEP Encryption:

You can choose **64-bit** or **128-bit** according to your needs. If you choose **Disabled**, the Network Keys will not be shown on this page. If selected, the data is encrypted using the key before being transmitted. For example, if you set 128-bit in this field, then the receiving station must be set to use the128 Bit Encryption, and have the same Key value too. Otherwise, it will not be able to decrypt the data. (*Note: You need to connect one end of the Ethernet cable to the Ethernet port on the back of your computer, and the other end to the ETHERNET port on the Residential Voice Gateway.*)

- If you select WEP (64-bit or 128-bit), you can adjust the following settings-
- Shared Key Authentication: Decide whether to set the shared key Optional or Required by selecting from the drop-down menu.
- Network Key 1 to 4: The system allows you to enter four sets of the WEP key. For 64-bit WEP mode, the key length is 5 characters or 10 hexadecimal digits. As for 128-bit WEP mode, the key length is 13 characters or 26 hexadecimal digits.
- **Current Network Key**: Select one set of the network key (from 1 to 4) as the default one.
- **PassPhrase**: You can enter ASCII codes into this field. The range is from 8 characters to 64 characters. For ASCII characters, you can key in 63 characters in this field. If you want to key in 64 characters, only hexadecimal characters can be used.
- Generate WEP Keys: Click this button to generate the PassPhrase.



• **Apply:** After proper configuration, click Apply to invoke the settings.

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#### 802.1x Authentication

If you enable the 802.1x authentication function, you will have to offer the following information-

- **RADIUS Server:** RADIUS Server is a protocol for carrying authentication, authorization, and configuration information between a Network Access Server which desires to authenticate its links and a shared Authentication Server. Please key in the IP Address for the RADIUS Server.
- **RADIUS Port:** Besides the IP address of the RADIUS Server, you have to enter the port number for the server. Port 1812 is the reserved RADIUS-authentication port described in RFC 2138. Earlier AP (RADIUS clients) use port 1945. The default value will be shown on this box. You can keep and use it.
- **RADIUS Key:** A RADIUS Key is like a password, which is used between IAS and the specific RADIUS client to verify identity. Both IAS and the RADIUS client must be use the same RADIUS Key for successful communication to occur. Enter the RADIUS Key.

WPA/WPA2 Encryption	Disabled 💙	
WPA Pre-Shared Key		
RADIUS Server	0.0.0	
RADIUS Port	1812	
RADIUS Key		
Group Key Rotation Interval	0	
WPA/WPA2 Re-auth Interval	3600	
WEP Encryption	WEP (128-bit) 🔽	
Shared Key Authentication	Optional 💙	
802.1x Authentication	Enabled 🐱	
Network Key 1		
Network Key 2		
Network Key 3		
Network Key 4		
Current Network Key	1 💌	
PassPhrase		Generate WEP Keys
	Apply	
	Fig.45	

#### WPA/WPA2

For the WPA/WPA2 network Authentication, the settings that you can adjust including WPA/WPA2 Encryption, RADIUS Server, RADIUS Port, RADIUS Key, Group Key Rotation Interval, and WPA/WPA2 Re-auth Interval.

• WPA/WPA2 Encryption: There are three types that you can choose, TKIP\*, AES\*\*, TKIP+AES.

TKIP takes the original master key only as a starting point and derives its encryption keys mathematically from this mater key. Then it regularly changes and rotates the encryption keys so that the same encryption key will never be used twice

**\*\*** AES provides security between client workstations operating in ad hoc mode. It uses a mathematical ciphering algorithm that employs variable key sizes of 128, 192 or 256 bits.

• RADIUS Server/RADIUS Port/RADIUS Key: Please refer to the previous page.



- Group Key Rotation Interval: Key in the time for the WAP group key rotation interval. The unit is second. With increasing rekey interval, user bandwidth requirement is reduced.
- WPA/WPA2 Re-auth Interval: When a wireless client has associated with the Residential Voice Gateway for a period of time longer than the setting here, it would be disconnected and the authentication will be executed again. The default value is 3600, you may modify it.

WPA	Enabled 💙
WPA-PSK	Disabled 💙
WPA2	Disabled 💙
WPA2-PSK	Disabled 💌
WPA/WPA2 Encryption	TKIP 🖌
WPA Pre-Shared Key	
RADIUS Server	0.0.0.0
RADIUS Port	1812
RADIUS Key	
Group Key Rotation Interval	0
WPA/WPA2 Re-auth Interval	3600

Fig.46

#### WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK

737

For the WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK network Authentication, the settings that you can adjust including WPA/WPA2 Encryption, WPA Pre-Shared Key, and Group key Rotation Interval.

- WPA Pre-Shared Key: Please type the key to be between 8 and 63 characters, or 64 hexadecimal digits. Only the devices with a matching key that you set here can join this network.
- WPA/WPA2 Encryption & WPA Group Rekey Interval: Please refer to the WPA/WPA2 part.

WPA Disabled 💌
WPA-PSK Enabled 💌
WPA2 Disabled 💌
WPA2-PSK Enabled 💌
WPA/WPA2 Encryption TKIP
WPA Pre-Shared Key
RADIUS Server 0.0.0.0
RADIUS Port 1812
RADIUS Key
Group Key Rotation Interval 0
VPA/WPA2 Re-auth Interval 3600
Fig.47





#### **Automatic Security Configuration**

WPS 🔽	
WPS Config	State: Unconfigured
The physical bu provision wireles Wi-Fi Protected	tton on the AP will s clients using Setup (WPS)
Device	
Name Tho	msonAP
WPS Setu PIN: 123456	P AP 670 Configure
WPS Add	Client
Add a clien	it: OPush-Button OPIN Add
PIN:	
	Fig.48

WiFi Protected Setup (WPS): It is a secure way of configuring and connecting your WiFi access point.

- WPS Config: It will help to Enable or Disable the WPS feature.
- **Device Name:** By using this you can change the factory default to a name of your choice up to 32 characters long as like **SSID**
- WPS Setup AP: Here we no need to do any configure. So, just skip this step.
- WPS Add Client: There are two methods "Push-Button" and "PIN". Select the method you want. If you select "Push-Button", then the WPS Setup AP page will appear as shown below.

# WPS Setup AP

Your AP is now waiting for the STA to connect.

PUSH

WPS Configure Status: InProgress



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And **WPS Configure Status** will be "In progress", after establishing the connection the **WPS Configure Status** will be "Success!". If you select **WPS Method** to PIN then It will ask for PIN while configuring the WiFi AP by showing a text box so, you need to enter that PIN to establish the connection. You can get the PIN from client.

WPS Add Client								
Add a client:	C Push-Button	$\odot\text{PIN}$	Add					
PIN:								



• **PIN:** Use this option to set the PIN, enter 4-8 digits PIN of the device you wish to configure. After entering the pin click "Add" button, then the WPS Setup AP page will appear as shown below and the status will be "In progress", after establishing the connection the WPS Configure Status will be "Success!".

# WPS Setup AP

Your AP is now waiting for the STA to connect.

Abort

Entered PIN:

WPS Configure Status: InProgress

Fig. 51



#### 3. Guest Networks

If enabled by the service provider, there are 3 additional Wireless Guest Networks can be configured and activated. The default guest network screen looks as follow:



Fig. 52



# 4. 802.11 Access Control

This page allows you to make access control to the AP or connected clients by offering the MAC Addresses of the clients.

THOMSON	Administration
images & beyond	Gateway VoIP Status - Network - Advanced - Firewall - Parental Control - Wireless 🤍
	Wireless 802.11 Access Control : This page allows the configuration of the Access Control to the AP as well as status on the connected clients.
Radio	Administration Allow v (Allow or Deny Access to Administration Web Page from PC connected over Wifi.)
Primary Network	
Guest Network	Wireless Interface Thom_D050699 (00:18:9b:3a:c4:32) 💌
Access Control	MAC Restrict Mode Disabled 💌
Advanced	MAC Addresses
Bridging	
WMM	
© - Thomson - 2007	Connected Clients MAC Address Ade(s) RSSI/dRm1 Type IP Addr. Host Name
	No wireless clients are connected.

Fig. 53

**MAC Restrict Mode :** Click **Disabled** to welcome all of the clients on the network; select **Allow** to permit only the clients on the list to access the cable modem; or choose **Deny** to prevent the clients on the list to access this device.

**MAC Address :** Your Gateway identifies wireless PCs by their WiFi MAC Address. This address consists of a string of 6 pairs of numbers 0-9 and letters A-F, such as 00 90 4B F0 FF 50. It is usually printed on the WiFi card of the device (e.g. the PCMCIA card in a laptop). It can also be determined from a Windows DOS prompt as explained below.

Enter the MAC addresses of the connected clients into the fields, and then click Apply to add them to the list for access control.

Apply : After proper configuration, click Apply to invoke the settings.

**Connected Clients :** The information of currently connected clients will be displayed here.



### 5.802.11 Advanced

This page allows you to configure some advanced settings. The factory default values should provide good results in most cases. We don't recommend you change these settings unless you have technical knowledge of 802.11b wireless technology.

For expert users, details of all settings on this web page are provided below.



Fig. 54

#### **Beacon Interval:**

Set the period of beacon transmissions to allow mobile stations to locate and identify a BSS. The measure unit is "time units" (TU) of 1024 microseconds. (Value range: 1~65535)

### **DTIM Interval:**

The value you set here is used to inform mobile stations when multicast frames that have been buffered at the Wireless Voice Gateway will be delivered and how often that delivery occurs. (Value range: 1~255)

#### **Fragmentation Threshold:**

Set the number of the fragmenting frames to make the data to be delivered without errors induced by the interference. Frames longer than the value you set here are fragmented before the initial transmission into fragments no longer than the value of the threshold. (Value range: 256~ 2346)

#### **RTS Threshold:**

Set the value for sending a request to the destination. All the frames of a length greater than the threshold that you set here will be sent with the four-way frame exchange. And, a length less than or equal to the value that you set will not be proceeded by RTS. (Value range:  $0 \sim 2347$ )

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# 54g<sup>TM</sup> Network Mode:

There are three modes for you to choose, please check the specification of your wireless card **and choose** a proper setting.

## 54g<sup>TM</sup> Protection:

Select Auto to turn on the  $54g^{TM}$  protection; select **Off** to turn down the protection.

# **Xpress<sup>TM</sup> Technology:**

When Xpress is turned on, aggregate throughput (the sum of the individual throughput speeds of each client on the network) can improve by **up to** 27% in 802.11g-only networks, and **up to** 75% in mixed networks comprised of 802.11g and 802.11b standard equipment.

### Rate:

It decides the speed of data transmission. There are several rates provided here for you to choose. Choose any one of it according to your needs by using the drop-down menu.

### **Output Power:**

This setting decides the output power of this device. You may use it to economize on electricity by selecting lower percentage of power output.



## 6. Bridging

The Bridging page provides a location where settings can be adjusted related to the WDS (**Wireless Distribution System**) feature.

WDS is a system that enables the interconnection of access points wirelessly. It may also be referred to as repeater mode because it appears to bridge and accept wireless clients at the same time (unlike traditional bridging).

The wireless gateway can be placed in a mode that allows the gateway to communicate with other "extender" wireless access points either exclusively or mixed with communications to local PCs. Use this page to designate the Remote Bridges the gateway is allowed to communicate with, and to select the Wireless Bridging mode.

THOMSON				Administratio	n
images & beyond	Gateway	VoIP Status -	Network - Advanced - Firewall -	Parental Control - Wireless	5
1. ·	Wireless				
- AA	Bridging : This	page allows configurati	on of WDS features.		
Radio	Wireless Bridging Remote Bridges	Disabled 💌			
Primary Network	, tonioto Entagos				
Guest Network					
Access Control		Apply			
Advanced					
Bridging					
WMM					
© - Thomson - 2007					

Fig. 55

#### • Wireless Bridging:

Choose **Disabled** to shutdown this function; select **Enabled** to turn on the function of WDS.

#### • Remote Bridges:

Enter the MAC Addresses of the remote Bridges to relay the signals for each other.

• Apply:

After proper configuration, click Apply to invoke the settings.



# 7. 802.11 Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) Settings

Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) is a component of the IEEE 802.11e wireless LAN standard for quality of service (QoS). The QoS assigns priority to the selected network traffic and prevents packet collisions and delays thus improving VoIP calls and watching video over WLANs.

#### • Enable WMM:

This field allows you to enable WMM to improve multimedia transmission.

- Enable WMM No-Acknowledgement: This field allows you to enable WMM No-Ackonwledgement.
- Power Save Support:

This field allows you to enable WMM Power-Save-Support.

THOMSON					4	Administratio	n
images & beyond	Gateway VoIP	Status - Net	work - Ad	dvanced - F	irewall - P	arental Control - Wireless	5
<b>F</b> .	Wireless						
	802.11 Wi-Fi Multimedia : This	page allows	configurati	on of the VVi-	Fi Multimedia	QoS.	
Radio	WMM Support On 💌						
Primary Network	Power Save Support On 🗸						
Guest Network	Apply						
Access Control	EDCA AP Parameters: CWmir	n CWmax	AIFSN	TXOP(b) Limit (usec)	TXOP(a/g) Limit (usec)	Discard Oldest First	
Advanced	AC_BE 15	63	3	0	0	Off 💌	
Dridaina	AC_BK 15	1023	7	0	0	Off 💌	
Bridging	AC_VI 7	15	1	6016	3008	Off 💌	
WMM	AC_VO 3	7	1	3264	1504	Off 💌	
	EDCA STA Parameters:						
	AC_BE 15	1023	3	0	0		
	AC_BK 15	1023	7	0	0		
	AC_VI 7	15	2	6016	3008		
© - Thomson - 2007	AC_VO 3	7	2	3264	1504		
			Apply				

Fig. 56

#### • EDCA AP Parameters:

The parameters for Access Point (AP) of EDCA (enhanced distributed channel access).

#### • EDCA STA Parameters:

The parameters for WIFI station of EDCA.



- **CWmin:** This attribute shall specify the value of the minimum size of the window that shall be used by a QAP for a particular AC for generating a random number for the backoff.
- **CWmax**: This attribute shall specify the value of the maximum size of the window that shall be used by a QAP for a particular AC for generating a random number for the backoff.
- **AIFSN:** This attribute shall specify the number of slots, after a SIFS duration, that the QAP, for a particular AC, shall sense the medium idle either before transmitting or executing a backoff.

### • TXOP (b) Limit (usec)/ TXOP (a/g) Limit (usec):

This attribute shall specify the maximum number of microseconds of an EDCA TXOP for a given AC at the QAP.

### Discard Oldest First

If buffer full and parameter is TRUE then discard oldest first.

### • AC's (Access Category) are defined:

AC\_BK (background)

AC\_BE (best-effort)

AC\_VI (Video)

AC\_VO (Voice)



# VoIP - Basic Web Page Group

### 1. Basic LAN

This page displays the basic LAN status of this device, including the downstream and upstream status, device information, and interface parameters. You can select specific interface from the Interface Name drop-down menu.

HOMSON					Administratio
images & beyond	Gateway Vo	IP Basic -	Advance	ł	
	Basic Status				
	Basic LAN				
	RF Parameters				
asician	Downstream :				
ardware info	Frequency		Power	19 dBmV	
	Signal to Noise Ration	o 37 dB	Modulation	QAM256	
vent loa	Upstream :				
3	Frequency		Power	40 dBmV	
m state	Upstream Data Rate	e 2560 Ksym/sec	Modulation	QAM16	
	Status				
	System uptime	0 days 00h:04m	1:46s		
	Computers detected	0 t			
	CM Status	Operational			
	WAN Isolation	OFF			
	Time and Date	Mon Dec 17 17:	45:37 2007		
	Interface Paramete	ers			
	Interface Name : LA	AN 💌			
Thomson - 2007	Provisioned Enable	d State U	Jp		
11011201 - 2001	Speed 40 Mbp	s MAC address 0	0-10-95-de-	ad-02	

Fig. 57

## 2. Hardware Info

The hardware Info is displayed on this page.

THOMSON			đ			Administration
images & beyond	Gateway	VoIP Ba	sic			
<b>K</b> .	Basic Status					
	Hardware Info					
Denie len	System				]	
Basic lan	HW Revision	2.0	VENDOR	Thomson	1	
Hardware info	BOOT Revision	2.1.6nm	SW Revision	ST81.02.03	1	
nardware mo	MODEL	TVVG850	Software Version	ST81.02.03	1	
Event log	Serial Number	fffffdeffffffad01			]	
Cm state	MTA Hardware	Information				
	Mta Serial Numb	er fffffdeffffffad	01			
	Software Build	and Revisions	5			
	Firmware Name	(unknown	)			
	Firmware Build	Time 17:06:32 T	hu Jan 18 2007			
© - Thomson - 2007						

Fig. 58



#### 3. Event Log

The event logs are displayed on this web page. You can check them whenever you need.

THOMSON				Administration
images & beyond	Gateway	VoIP Ba	sic	0
	Basic Statu Event Log - D	<b>s</b> ocsis		
Basic lan	Date/Time	Event ID	Event Level	Description
Hardware info	01/18/2007 22.43	69011200	06	SW download Successful - Via Config file
Event log	01/18/2007 22.41	69010200	06	SW Download INIT - Via Config file ./SwUpgrade.cfg
Cm state	01/18/2007 22.40	68000600	03	TFTP failed - configuration file NOT FOUND
	09/04/2006 08.53	2436694044	03	Resetting the cable modern due to docsDevResetNow
	01/01/1970 00.12	84000100	03	SYNC Timing Synchronization failure - Failed to acquire QAM/QPSK symbol timing
	01/01/1970 00.04	82000200	03	No Ranging Response received - T3 time-out
	01/01/1970 00.02	2436694044	03	Resetting the cable modern due to docsDevResetNow
	01/01/1970 00.02	69010400	04	SW Upgrade Failed Before Download - Server not Present
	01/01/1970 00.01	2436694044	03	Resetting the cable modern due to docsDevResetNow
© - Thomson - 2007	01/01/1970 00.01	68000300	03	DHCP WARNING - Non-critical field invalid in response.
	01/01/1970 00.01	82000200	03	No Ranging Response received - T3 time-out
	01/01/1970 00.00	2436694044	03	Resetting the cable modern due to docsDevResetNow
	04/04/4070			

Fig. 59

### 4. CM State

This page shows the current state of the cable modem.



Fig. 60



# Chapter 3: Networking

### Communications

Data communication involves the flow of packets of data from one device to another. These devices include personal computers, Ethernet and USB hubs, cable modems, digital routers and switches, and highly integrated devices that combine functions, like the Wireless Cable Gateway.

The gateway integrates the functionality often found in two separate devices into one. It's both a cable modem and an intelligent wireless gateway networking device that can provide a host of networking features, such as NAT and firewall. Figure 2 illustrates this concept, with the cable modem (CM) functionality on the left, and networking functionality on the right. In this figure, the numbered arrows represent communication based on source and destination, as follows:

## Type of Communication

1. Communication between the Internet and your PCs

Example: The packets created by your request for a page stored at a web site, and the contents of that page sent to your PC.

- 2. Communication between your cable company and the cable modem side Example: When your cable modem starts up, it must initialize with the cable company, which requires the cable company to communicate directly with the cable modem itself.
- 3. Communication between your PCs and the networking side





Example: The Wireless Cable Gateway offers a number of built-in web pages which you can use to configure its networking side; when you communicate with the networking side, your communication is following this path.



Each packet on the Internet addressed to a PC in your home travels from the Internet down- stream on the cable company's system to the WAN side of your Wireless Cable Gateway. There it enters the Cable Modem section, which inspects the packet, and, based on the results, proceeds to either forward or block the packet from proceeding on to the Networking section. Similarly, the Networking section then decides whether to forward or block the packet from proceeding on to your PC. Communication from your home device to an Internet device works similarly, but in reverse, with the packet traveling upstream on the cable system.

### Cable Modem (CM) Section

The cable modem (or CM) section of your gateway uses EURO-DOCSIS Standard cable modem technology. EURO-DOCSIS specifies that TCP/IP over Ethernet style data communication be used between the WAN interface of your cable modem and your cable company.

A EURO-DOCSIS modem, when connected to a Cable System equipped to support such modems, performs a fully automated initialization process that requires no user intervention. Part of this initialization configures the cable modem with a CM IP (Cable Modem Internet Protocol) address, as shown in Figure 3, so the cable company can communicate directly with the CM itself.

### **Networking Section**

The Networking section of your gateway also uses TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/ Internet Protocol) for the PCs you connected on the LAN side. TCP/IP is a networking protocol that provides communication across interconnected networks, between computers with diverse hardware architectures and various operating systems.

TCP/IP requires that each communicating device be configured with one or more TCP/IP stacks, as illustrated by Figure 4. On a PC, you often use software that came with the PC or its network interface (if you purchased a network interface card separately) to perform this configuration. To communicate with the Internet, the stack must also be assigned an IP (Internet Protocol) address. 192.168.100.1 is an example of an IP address. A TCP/IP stack can be configured to get this IP address by various means, including a DHCP server, by you directly entering it, or sometimes by a PC generating one of its own.

Ethernet requires that each TCP/IP stack on the Wireless Cable Gateway also have associated with it an Ethernet MAC (Media Access Control) address. MAC addresses are permanently fixed into network devices at the time of their manufacture. 00:90:64:12:B1:91 is an example of a MAC address.

Data packets enter and exit a device through one of its network interfaces. The gateway offers Ethernet, USB, and 802.11b/g wireless network interfaces on the LAN side and the EURO-DOCSIS network interface on the WAN side.

When a packet enters a network interface, it is offered to all the TCP/IP stacks associated with the device side from which it entered. But only one stack can accept it — a stack whose configured Ethernet address matches the Ethernet destination address inside the packet. Furthermore, at a packet's final destination, its destination IP address must also match the IP address of the stack.

Each packet that enters a device contains source MAC and IP addresses telling where it came from, and destination MAC and IP addresses telling where it is going to. In addition, the packet contains all or part of a message destined for some application that is running on the destination device. IRC used

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in an Internet instant messaging program, HTTP used by a web browser, and FTP used by a file transfer program are all examples of applications. Inside the packet, these applications are designated by their port number. Port 80, the standard HTTP port, is an example of a port number.

The Networking section of the router performs many elegant functions by recognizing different packet types based upon their contents, such as source and destination MAC address, IP address, and ports.

### **Three Networking Modes**

Your gateway can be configured to provide connectivity between your cable company and your home LAN in any one of three Networking Modes: CM, RG, and CH. This mode setting is under the control of your cable company, who can select the mode to match the level of home networking support for which you have subscribed. All units ship from the factory set for the RG mode, but a configuration file which the cable company sends the cable modem section during its initialization can change it.

### Cable Modem (CM) Mode



Fig. 62





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CM (Cable Modem) Mode provides basic home networking. In this mode, two IP stacks are active:

- IP Stack 1 for use by the cable company to communicate with the cable modem section only. This stack receives its IP address from the cable company during CM initialization. It uses the MAC address printed on the label attached to the Wireless Cable gateway.
- IP Stack 2 for use by you, the end user, to communicate with the cable modem and Networking sections, to access the internal web page diagnostics and conguration. This stack uses a fixed IP address: 192.168.100.1. It uses a MAC address of MAC label + 1 (the MAC label is found on the bottom of the unit). E.g., if the MAC address is 00:90:64:12:B1:91, this MAC address would be 00:90:64:12:B1:92.

With CM Mode, your cable company must provide one IP address for the CM section, plus one for each PC you connect from their pool of available addresses. Your cable company may have you or your installer manually enter these assigned addresses into your PC, or use a DHCP Server to communicate them to your PCs, or use a method that involves you entering host names into your PCs.

Note that in CM Mode, packets passing to the Internet to/from your PCs do not travel through any of the IP stacks; instead they are directly bridged between the WAN and LAN sides.



### Residential Gateway (RG) Mode





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RG (Residential Gateway) Mode provides basic home networking plus NAT (Network Address Translation). In this mode, three IP stacks are active:

- IP Stack 1 for use by the cable company to communicate with the Cable Modem section only. This stack receives its IP address from the cable company during CM initialization. It uses the MAC address printed on the label attached to the Wireless Cable Gateway.
- IP Stack 3 for use by you to remotely (i.e. from somewhere on the WAN side, such as at your remote workplace) communicate with the Cable Modem and Networking sections, to remotely access the internal web page diagnostics and configuration. This stack is also used by your cable company to deliver packets between the Internet and the gateway's networking section so they can be routed to/from your PCs. This stack requires an IP address assigned by the cable company from their pool of available addresses. Your cable company may have you or your installer manually enter assigned addresses into your gateway, or use a DHCP Server to communicate them, or use a method that involves you entering host names. This stack uses a MAC address of MAC label + 2 (the MAC label is found on the bottom of the unit). E.g., if the MAC address is 00:90:64:12:B1:91, this MAC address would be 00:90:64:12:B1:93.
- IP Stack 5 for use by you to locally (i.e. from somewhere on the LAN side in your home) communicate with the Cable Modem and Networking sections, to access the internal web page diagnostics and configuration. This stack is also used by the gateway's networking section to route packets between the gateway's Networking section and your PCs. This stack uses a fixed IP address: 192.168.0.1. It uses a MAC address of MAC label + 4 (the MAC label is found on the bottom of the unit). E.g., if the MAC address is 00:90:64:12:B1:91, this MAC address would be 00:90:64:12:B1:95.

With RG Mode, your cable company must provide one IP address for the CM section, plus one for the Networking section, from their pool of available addresses. With RG Mode, each PC you connect gets an IP address from a DHCP Server that is part of the Networking section of the gateway.



### CableHome (CH) Mode

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Fig. 66

CH (CableHome) Mode provides all the functionality of RG mode and adds the ability of the cable company to control the home networking configuration of your Wireless Cable Gateway for you, so you don't need to perform the configuration yourself. In this mode, four IP stacks are active:

- IP Stack 1 for use by the cable company to communicate with the Cable Modem section only. This stack receives its IP address from the cable company during CM initialization. It uses the MAC address printed on the label attached to the Wireless Cable Gateway.
- IP Stack 3 for use by your cable company to communicate with the Networking section to help you configure and manage your home networking. This stack requires an IP address assigned by the cable company from their pool of available addresses. Your cable company may have you or your installer manually enter assigned addresses into your gateway, or use a DHCP Server to communicate them, or use a method that involves you entering host names. This stack uses a MAC address of MAC label + 2 (the MAC label is found on the bottom of the unit). E.g., if the MAC address is 00:90:64:12:B1:91, this MAC address would be 00:90:64:12: B1:93.
- IP Stack 4 for use by you to remotely (i.e. from somewhere on the WAN side, such as at your remote workplace) communicate with the Cable Modem and Networking sections, to remotely access the internal web page diagnostics and configuration. This stack is also used by your cable company to deliver packets between the Internet and the Wireless Cable Gateway's Networking section so they can be routed to/from your PCs. This stack requires an IP address assigned by the cable company from their pool of available addresses. Your cable company may have you or your installer manually enter these assigned addresses into your gateway, or use a DHCP Server to communicate them, or use a method that involves you entering host names. This stack uses a MAC address of MAC label + 3 (the MAC label is found on the bottom of the unit). E.g., if the MAC address is 00:90:64:12:B1:91, this MAC address would be 00:90: 64:12:B1:94.
- IP Stack 5 for use by you to locally (i.e. from somewhere on the LAN side in your home) communicate with the Cable Modem and Networking sections, to access the internal web page diagnostics and configuration. This stack is also used by the Wireless Cable Gateway Networking section to route packets between the Wireless Cable Gateway's Networking section and your PCs. This stack uses a fixed IP address: 192.168.0.1. It uses a MAC address of MAC label+ 4 (the MAC label is found on the bottom of the unit). E.g., if the MAC address is 00:90:64:12:B1:91, this MAC address would be 00:90:64:12:B1:95.

With CH Mode, your cable company must provide one IP address for the CM section, plus two for the Networking section, from their pool of available addresses. Each PC you connect gets an IP address from a DHCP Server that is part of the Networking section of the gateway.

#### **USB MAC Address**

USB allows a single PC to be connected directly via your Wireless Cable Gateway USB port. Other PCs can, of course, be connected to your other networking interfaces: wireless, HPNA, and Ethernet. If you have a PC connected by USB, the following information is helpful.

The PCs you have connected by 802.11b/g Wireless, and Ethernet technologies associated with your gateway all send and receive packets that contain the Ethernet-style MAC address associated with that network interface. USB technology, however, uses a different addressing approach. In this situation, your gateway modifies the packets going to and from your USB-connected PC to make them look Ethernet-style when passed between you and your cable company. To do this, the gateway must

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effectively "loan" an Ethernet-style address for use in all these packets. For this purpose, the gateway uses a MAC address of MAC label + 5 (the MAC label is found on the bottom of the unit). E.g., if the MAC address is 00:90:64:12:B1:91, this MAC address would be 00: 90:64:12:B1:96.

## MAC and IP Addresses Summary

This table summarizes all the MAC and IP addresses that may be associated with the TCP/IP communication stacks and USB handling in your Wireless Cable Gateway. The ones actually used depend upon your gateway Operating Mode, as explained above. At minimum, your cable company will need to know the MAC address associated with IP Stack 1, which is the MAC address shown on the modem label.

Stack Name	Purpose - Mode	MAC Address	IP Address
IP Stack 1	CM WAN access - all Modes	per label on CM	assigned by cable company
IP Stack 2	local management - CM Mode		during initialization
IP Stack 3	only	CM label + 1	fixed at 192.168.100.1
IP Stack 4			
IP Stack 5	CableHome remote management	CM label + 2	assigned by cable company
	- CH Mode only	CM label + 3	assigned by cable company
	end-user remote management,		
	LAN WAN access - RG Mode		
	only		
	WAN data access -	CM label + 4	fixed at 192.168.0.1
	CH Mode only		
	local management -	CM label + 5	
	RG, CH Modes only		
	LAN gateway		

MAC and IP Addresses



# **Chapter 4: Additional Information**

## Frequently Asked Questions

### Q. What if I don't subscribe to cable TV?

A. If cable TV is available in your area, data and voice service may be made available with or without cable TV service. Contact your local cable company for complete information on cable services, including high-speed internet access.

### Q. How do I get the system installed?

A. Professional installation from your cable provider is strongly recommended. They will ensure proper cable connection to the modem and your computer. However, your retailer may have offered a self installation kit, including the necessary software to communicate with your cable ISP.

### Q. Once my Wireless Voice Gateway is connected, how do I get access to the Internet?

A. Your local cable company provides your internet service\*, offering a wide range of services including email, chat, and news and information services, and a connection to the World Wide Web.

# Q. Can I watch TV, surf the Internet, and talk to my friends through the Wireless Voice Gateway at the same time?

A. Absolutely!

### Q. What do you mean by "Broadband?"

A. Simply put, it means you'll be getting information through a "bigger pipe," with more bandwidth, than a standard phone line can offer. A wider, "broader" band means more information, more quickly.

### Q. What is Euro-DOCSIS and what does it mean?

A. "Data over Cable Service Interface Specifications" is the industry standard that most cable companies are adopting as they upgrade their systems. Should you ever decide to move, the Wireless Voice Gateway will work with all upgraded cable systems that are Euro-DOCSIS-compliant.

## Q. What is Euro-PacketCable and what does it mean?

A. Euro-PacketCable is the industry standard for telephony services that most cable companies are adopting as they upgrade their systems. Should you ever decide to move, the Wireless Voice Gateway will work with all upgraded cable systems that are Euro-PacketCable compliant.

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### Q. What is Xpress Technology and what does it mean?

A. It is one of the popular performance-enhancing WiFi technologies, designed to improve wireless network efficiency and boost throughput. It is more efficient in mixed environments, and it can work with 802.11a/b/g networks. When Xpress is turned on, aggregate throughput (the sum of the individual throughput speeds of each client on the network) can improve by **up to** 27% in 802.11g-only networks, and **up to** 75% in mixed networks comprised of 802.11g and 802.11b standard equipment. The technology achieves higher throughput by by re-packaging data, reducing the number of overhead control packets, so that more useful data can be sent during a given amount of time.

\* Monthly subscription fee applies.

\*\* Additional equipment required. Contact your cable company and ISP for any restrictions or additional fees.



### **General Troubleshooting**

You can correct most problems you have with your product by consulting the troubleshooting list that follows.

#### I can't access the internet.

- Check all of the connections to your Wireless Voice Gateway.
- Your Ethernet card or USB port may not be working. Check each product's documentation for more information.
- The Network Properties of your operating system may not be installed correctly or the settings may be incorrect. Check with your ISP or cable company.

#### All of the lights are flashing in sequence.

- This means the Wireless Voice Gateway is automatically updating its system software. Please wait for the lights to stop flashing. The updating process typically lasts less than one minute.
- Do not remove the power supply or reset the Wireless Voice Gateway during this process.

#### I can't get the modem to establish an Ethernet connection.

- Even new computers don't always have Ethernet capabilities be sure to verify that your computer has a properly installed Ethernet card and the driver software to support it.
- Check to see that you are using the right type of Ethernet cable.

#### The modem won't register a cable connection.

- If the modem is in Initialization Mode, the INTERNET light will be flashing. Call your Cable Company if it has not completed this 5-step process within 30 minutes, and note which step it is getting stuck on.
- The modem should work with a standard RG-6 coaxial cable, but if you're using a cable other than the one your Cable Company recommends, or if the terminal connections are loose, it may not work. Check with your Cable Company to determine whether you're using the correct cable.
- If you subscribe to video service over cable, the cable signal may not be reaching the modem. Confirm that good quality cable television pictures are available to the coaxial connector you are using by connecting a television to it. If your cable outlet is "dead", call your Cable Company.



• Verify that the Cable Modem service is Euro-DOCSIS compliant and Euro-PacketCable compliant by calling your cable provider.

#### I don't hear a dial tone when I use a telephone.

- Telephone service is not activated. If the rightmost light on the Wireless Voice Gateway stays on while others flash, check with your TSP or cable company.
- If the Wireless Voice Gateway is connected to existing house telephone wiring, make sure that another telephone service is not connected. The other service can normally be disconnected at the Network Interface Device located on the outside of the house.
- If using the second line on a two-line telephone, use a 2-line to 1-line adapter cable.

For more Usage and Troubleshooting Tips use the web site links provided on the CD-ROM:

http://www.cable-modem.rca.com/help



### FCC Declaration of Conformity and Industry Canada Information

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Trade Name:	Model: TWG850-4
Equipment Classification:	Computing Device Accessory
Responsible Party:	Thomson Inc.
	10330 N. Meridian Street
	Indianapolis, IN 46290
	Telephone 317-415-4151

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try and correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect this equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC regulations state that unauthorized changes or modifications to this equipment may void the user's authority to operate it.

This Class B digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference Causing Equipment Regulations.



### **Service Information**

If you purchased or leased your Wireless Voice Gateway directly from your cable company, then warranty service for the Digital Cable Modem may be provided through your cable provider or its authorized representative. For information on 1) Ordering Service, 2) Obtaining Customer Support, or 3) Additional Service Information, please contact your cable company. If you purchased your Wireless Voice Gateway from a retailer, see the enclosed warranty card.



#### Glossary

**10BaseT** – Unshielded, twisted pair cable with an RJ-45 connector, used with Ethernet LAN (Local Area Network). "10" indicates speed (10 Mbps), "Base" refers to baseband technology, and "T" means twisted pair cable.

Authentication - The process of verifying the identity of an entity on a network.

**DHCP (Dynamic Host Control Protocol)** – A protocol which allows a server to dynamically assign IP addresses to workstations on the fly.

**Ethernet card** – A plug-in circuit board installed in an expansion slot of a personal computer. The Ethernet card (sometimes called a Network Interface Card or NIC) takes parallel data from the computer, converts it to serial data, puts it into a packet format, and sends it over the 10BaseT or 100BaseT LAN cable.

**Euro-DOCSIS (Data Over Cable Service Interface Specifications)** – A project with the objective of developing a set of necessary specifications and operations support interface specifications for Cable Modems and associated equipment.

**F** Connector – A type of coaxial connector, labeled CABLE IN on the rear of the Wireless Voice Gateway, that connects the modem to the cable system.

**HTTP** (**HyperText Transfer Protocol**) – Invisible to the user, HTTP is used by servers and clients to communicate and display information on a client browser.

Hub – A device used to connect multiple computers to the Wireless Voice Gateway.

**IP Address** – A unique, 32-bit address assigned to every device in a network. An IP (Internet Protocol) address has two parts: a network address and a host address. This modem receives a new IP address from your cable operator via DHCP each time it goes through Initialization Mode.

**Key exchange** - The swapping of mathematical values between entities on a network in order to allow encrypted communication between them.

**MAC Address** – The permanent "identity" for a device programmed into the Media Access Control layer in the network architecture during the modem's manufacture.

**Network Driver** – A file that is loaded on the computer to allow the computer to recognize the Ethernet card or USB port.

**NID** - Network Interface Device, the interconnection between the internal house telephone wiring and a conventional telephone service provider's equipment. These wiring connections are normally housed in a

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small plastic box located on an outer wall of the house. It is the legal demarcation between the subscriber's property and the service provider's property.

**Euro-PacketCable** – A project with the objective of developing a set of necessary telephony specifications and operations support interface specifications for Wireless Voice Gateways and associated equipment used over the Euro-DOCSIS based cable network.

**PSTN (Public Switched Telephone Network)** – The worldwide voice telephone network which provides dial tone, ringing, full-duplex voice band audio and optional services using standard telephones.

**Provisioning** - The process of enabling the Media Terminal Adapter (MTA) to register and provide services over the network.

**TCP/IP** (**Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol**) – A networking protocol that provides communication across interconnected networks, between computers with diverse hardware architectures and various operating systems.

**TFTP** - Trivial File Transfer Protocol, the system by which the Media Terminal Adapter's configuration data file is downloaded.

**TSP** - Telephony Service Provider, an organization that provides telephone services such as dial tone, local service, long distance, billing and records, and maintenance.

**Universal Serial Bus** (**USB**) – USB is a "plug-and-play" interface between a computer and add-on devices, such as a Wireless Voice Gateway.

**Xpress Technology** - One of the popular performance-enhancing WiFi technologies, designed to improve wireless network efficiency and boost throughput. It is more efficient in mixed environments, and it can work with 802.11a/b/g networks.

Please do not send any products to the Indianapolis address listed in this manual or on the carton. This will only add delays in service for your product.

**Thomson Inc.** 

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